

In The Big Forest

A Story About Dreams Coming True

by

Susan Norwood and Bradley Striebig

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Nonfiction - Africa - development - sustainability - Millennium Development Goals

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United Nations Millennium Development Goals:

Adopted by world leaders in the year 2000 and set to be achieved by 2015, the Millennium Development Goals are both global and local, tailored by each country to suit specific development needs. They provide a framework for the entire international community to work together towards a common end – making sure that human development reaches everyone, everywhere.

Goal 1: Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger.

Goal 2: Achieve universal primary education.

Goal 3: Promote gender equality and empower women.

Goal 4: Reduce child mortality.

Goal 5: Improve maternal health.

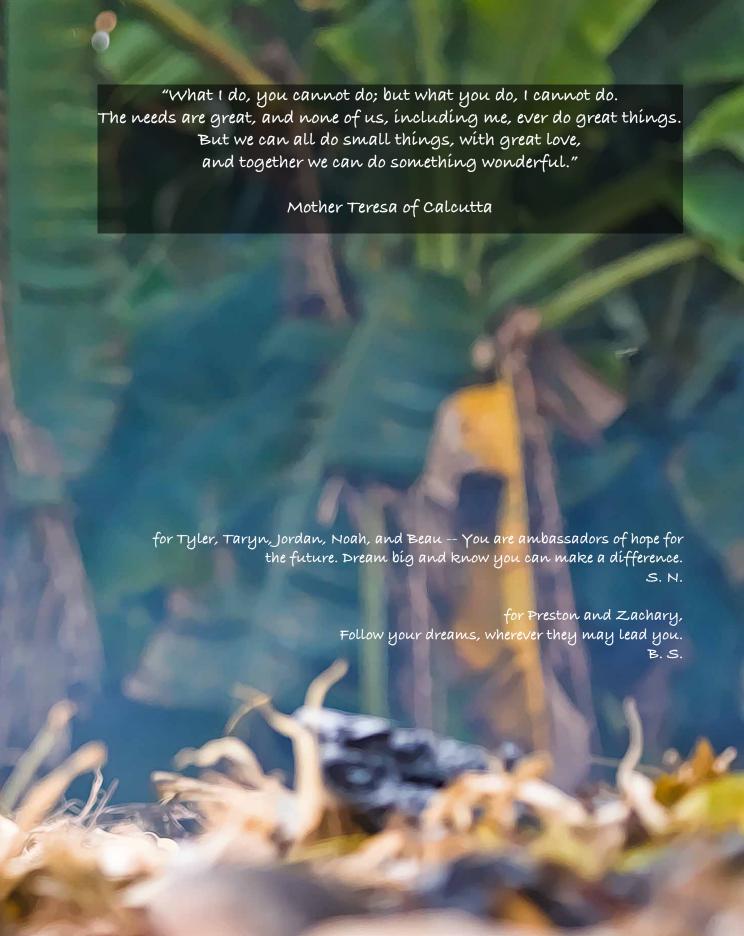
Goal 6: Combat HIV/AIDS, malaría, and other díseases.

Goal 7: Ensure environmental sustainability.

Goal 8: Develop global partnerships for development.









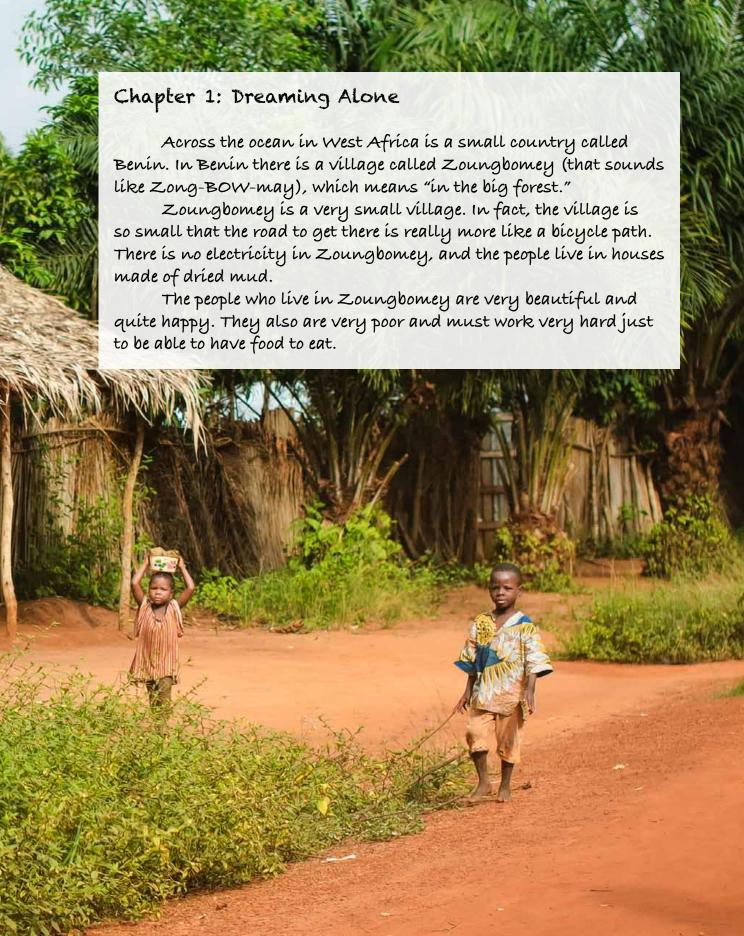
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The women in Zoungbomey work together to make palm oil. Making palm oil is hard work. Clusters of palm berries grow in palm trees in the big forest. The bunch of berries start off a dark purple or black color, and turn red as they ripen for harvest. The women cut the bunch of the palm berries from the trees, collect the bunches, and carry them back to the village. Then the women must pull the palm berries from each bunch. Each palm berry needs to be cracked open, one by one, so that the bright red berry can be removed and the hard brown seed inside taken out. Then, the women crush the berries by stomping on them with their feet. This takes a whole day and the brown mash that is made has germs in it from their feet. Next, the mash is cooked so that it turns into oil.

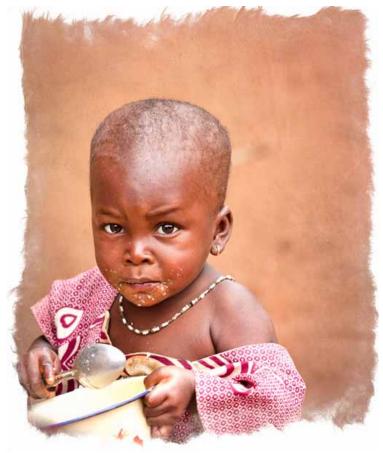
People in Benin use palm oil for cooking, for making soap, and for making candles. Because making palm oil is hard work and takes a long time, the women don't have much to sell. And because the palm oil the village makes has germs in it, it spoils easily. The women in Zoungbomey must walk several miles carrying the heavy containers of palm oil to the local market. At the market, the women sell the palm oil, but cannot get much money for it because it spoils easily. So sometimes the people in Zoungbomey don't have enough money to buy healthy food, or send their children to school, or see a doctor when they are sick.





The people who live in Zoungbomey had a dream: They dreamed that one day they would be able to buy a machine to crush the palm berries, so that the women would not have to stomp on them with their feet. They could buy other machines, a huller and separator, later. They would make palm oil faster and the palm oil would not have germs in it.

The women would sell the palm oil for more money at the market. Then the women could pay for the food and medicine they need. They hoped to earn enough money to send the children in the village to school. But saving enough money to buy the palm oil machines was going to take a long, long time. The people in the village needed some help to make their dream come true.





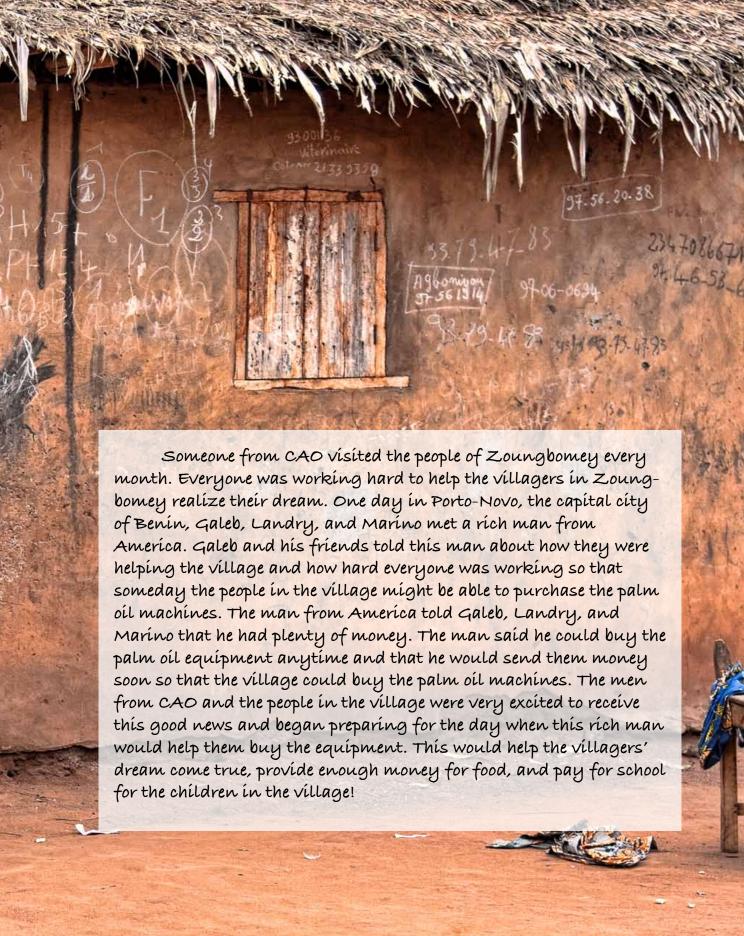
Chapter 2: A Partner - Someone to Dance With

A group of people in Benin learned about the village of Zoungbomey and its dream. The name of this group is Centre Afrika Obota, or "CAO." CAO is a Non-Governmental Organization (NGO), kind of like a club of people who live in Benin who work hard to help other people in Benin. Three men from CAO, Galeb, Landry, and Marino, visited the villagers in Zoungbomey to learn about their dream of buying palm oil machines. Galeb, Landry, and Marino wanted to find out how they could help the people of Zoungbomey. They became very important friends and partners to the village. They taught the people how to keep track of the money they earned and the money they spent. They helped them learn how to spend their money wisely so that they would have money to save for the palm oil machine.



Photo by Susan Norwood





unfortunately, in this story, (just like in real life - well, this is real life!) some people do not keep their promises. The rich man went away from Africa and forgot about the people he met in the village. The man spent his money visiting many other places in the world, but Galeb, Landry, and Marino never heard from him again. The people in the village who were so excited now felt as if their dream might take forever to come true. They were also confused and sad. Why would someone offer to help them, but never return to the village to help?

They wished someone would take the time to learn about and help their brothers and sisters in Zoung-bomey. Sadly this is the way many stories end, but our story has a different ending...















Chapter 4: A Partner - Someone to Play With

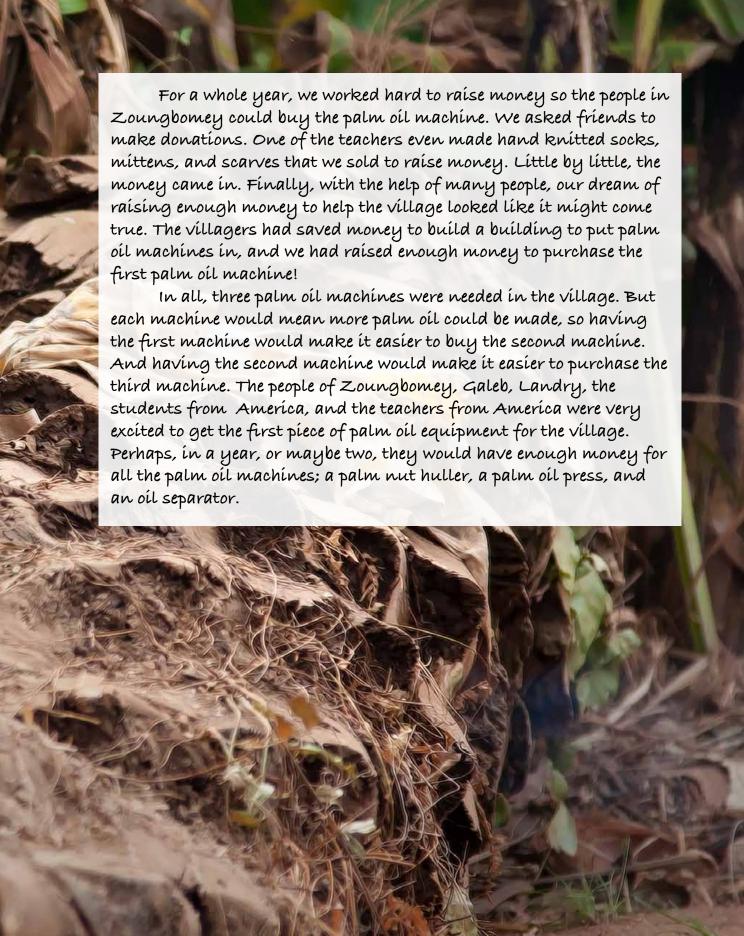
The following year we returned to Benin with another group of teachers and students. Not much had changed in Zoungbomey since our first trip to the village. The village women were still making palm oil by crushing the berries with their feet. But this time, we did bring something for our friends. As Galeb suggested, we brought the clothes for the children, and even clothes for the adults. Everyone in the village was thankful for the clothes and other gifts.

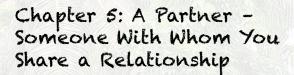
One of the American teachers took photographs of the babies and children and gave these photographs to their mothers. Most of the mothers had never had a picture of their children before. The mothers were grateful for this small gift. The teacher who took the photographs explained why it was important to give the pictures to the women. He said, "I want them to know that they can trust us. It's very important that they know that we aren't just here to take things from them."

As our group was leaving Zoungbomey the second year, Landry again asked if the rich man we knew from America had given us any money for the village. Once again, we had to say no. We felt sad and angry this time, because now the people of Zoungbomey were our friends, and our friends needed more help to save money. The people of Zoungbomey were going to have to keep working and keep dreaming.

When we returned home again, we kept thinking about our friends in Benin and Zoungbomey. We thought about how hard the people in the village were working to make palm oil and to save money. We thought about how poor the people were and how important it was for the children to go to school. We knew that a palm oil machine would help the people of the village have a better life. One day, we had an idea. Perhaps our group, the teachers and students who had visited Zoungbomey, could become partners in the palm oil project? We would try to raise money to help the village buy the machine. We asked Galeb if this would be OK, and he said YES!







Our group began planning the next trip to Benin. This time we wanted to do much more to help the people in Zoungbomey. We told Galeb we thought there was enough money to buy the first palm oil machine. But then we found out that the price of the machine had increased, so we had to work a little harder and raise more money.

There was more bad news before we left for Benin. Just as we were getting ready to go to Benin, Galeb told us that heavy rains had destroyed the building for the machine the villagers had built! For a while, it looked like the village would have to wait another year to get the palm oil machine. But Galeb, Landry, and Marino decided that the people of Zoungbomey might be able to work quickly and to rebuild the building. Everyone, the villagers, the members of CAO, and us had worked long and hard to make the villagers' dreams almost a reality. It was so close to coming true!











Chapter 6: The Secret Partner

Finally, the day came to take the palm oil mchine to the village. Everyone was excited and ready to go!



We went to see if the machine was loaded on the truck and ready to take to the village. But when we got to the truck, there was a surprise! Two machines were on the truck – one to take the shells off of the palm nuts (called a huller) and one to crush the palm berries (called a press). And the workers told them that a third machine – an oil separator, a machine that would cook the palm mash and turn it into oil – was also ready to go!

We were so confused! The whole situation was even more confusing because we knew very little French or Fongbe, the languages spoken by the drivers and people loading the machines. We tried to ask the workers to take the extra machine off the truck, but we could not explain, no matter how hard we tried, that we just could not afford to buy and pay for all the machines they had put onto the truck. We were afraid that we made a serious mistake and we did not know what might happen. We did not want to make anyone upset, but we also knew we could not pay for all the equipment and hard work the people at the Songhai Center did to build the machines.



After a great deal of confusion, Blandine, who worked at the Songhai Center as a translator, came to speak with our group. Blandine told us that she had checked everything with the accountant yesterday and that all was in order for all of the equipment, the huller, the press, and a boiler/separator, to be taken to the village. The magic of kindness, the kindness and hard work of our friends at the Songhai Center, had made it possible for us to deliver all three pieces of palm oil processing equipment the village would need!

We found out that another special secret partner wanted to help with the palm oil project. This new partner was Father Nzamujo Godfrey, the man who was in charge of Songhai Center where the palm oil machines were made. There was no mistake! This secret partner had arranged for us to be able to buy all three machines. We were VERY happy because we knew the people of Zoungbomey would be VERY happy, too!



When Galeb, Landry, and Marino came to see the truck that would take the machine to the village, they were sure a mistake had been made. When they saw the palm huller machine on the truck and heard about the secret partner, they could not believe it. They each wore a smile that went from ear to ear!

The American teachers and students, the three men from CAO, and the drivers from the Songhai Center, drove the truck with the first two machines to the village. This took a long time because the roads in Benin are unbelievably bumpy. Some of the holes in the road could have swallowed a hippopotamus! The road to the village became narrower and narrower until it was no wider than a bicycle path. The machines were very big and very heavy so the truck had to go slower and slower as we approached Zoungbomey.

















All the people in the village had been preparing for this day! Since they had not expected to receive all three machines, they had already collected several buckets of palm berries and taken the shells off of the bright red berries by hand. We're sure they are looking forward to using the nut huller to take the shells off the palm berries the next time they make palm oil. Even so, everyone was excited to see what would happen when the palm oil press was turned on for the very first time!





The palm berries were poured into the palm oil press. When the press was turned on, it crushed the berries into mash so that the women wouldn't have to stomp on them with their feet. In just thirty minutes, this machine crushed as many berries as it took the women a whole day to crush with their feet! What came out of the palm oil press was a buttery mix of oil and berry skin. This mixture had to be poured into the third machine to finally make the palm oil. The workday was still a long way from finished.

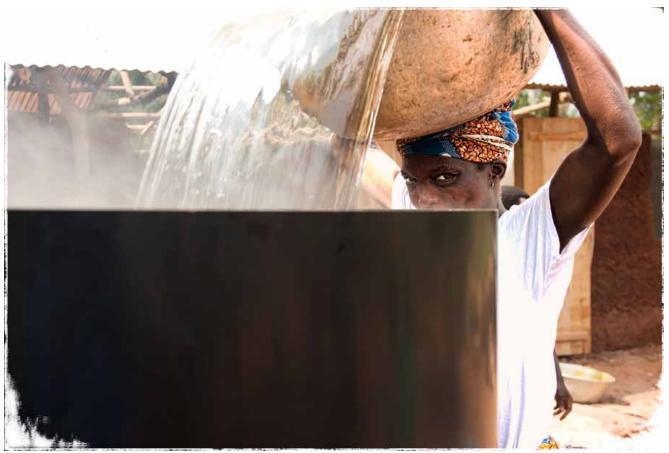


photo courtesy of carolyn Hervity



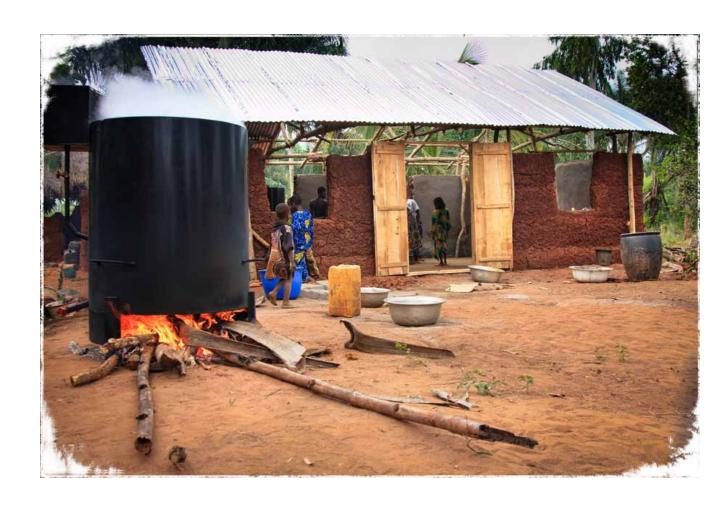






All the berry mash was poured into the separator. Then the water was added. We learned just how strong the women in the village really were that afternoon!

A fire was started under the separator to heat the oil and make it rise to the top of the machine. After many years of waiting, the wait was just about over - soon the women in the village would have their first palm oil from the new machines our friends at the Songhai Center had made for them.







More laughter, dancing, and amazement followed as the beautiful golden palm oil poured out of the separator. When all of the machines worked together, in just one day they had done the work that used to take a whole week! The people of Zoungbomey were amazed! We felt extremely lucky to be in Benin with our friends and partners on this very special day.

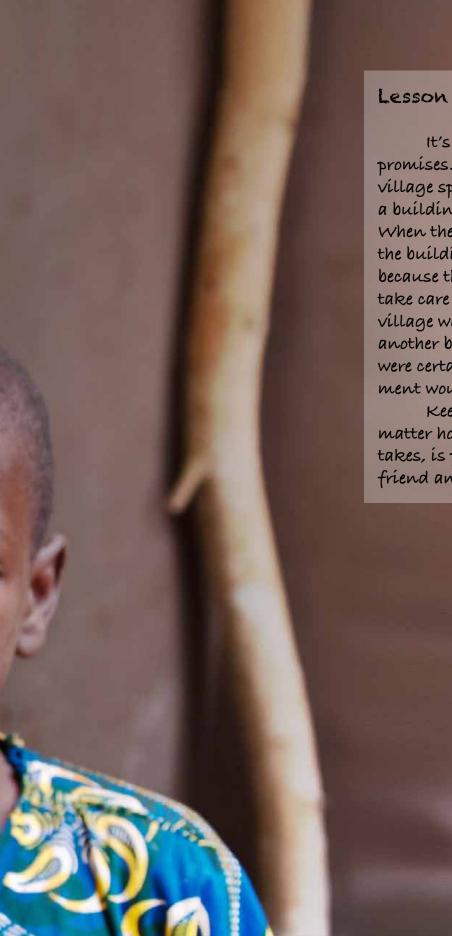


Chapter 7: Dreams Can Come True

It soon came time for us to say good-bye to the people of the Village. As our group was leaving to return to America, we gave the children of Zoungbomey pencils for school and another soccer ball. This soccer ball had on it the united Nations Millennium Development Goals. These are goals for the world to meet by the year 2015 to end poverty and help people like our friends in Zoungbomey. It had been such an amazing and special day that it was hard for us to leave. We hope to visit the village again soon. To end this story, we want to share with you what we've learned about Benin and Zoungbomey. And we want to share lessons we learned about how to help make other peoples' dreams come true:







Lesson #1

It's important to keep promises. The people of the village spent their savings on a building for the equipment. When the promises were broken, the building fell down, in part because there was no reason to take care of it. The people in the village were reluctant to build another building until they were certain some of the equipment would arrive.

Keeping your promise, no matter how hard or how long it takes, is part of being a good friend and partner.

Lesson #2

It's easier for dreams to come true when you have partners. Think of all of the partners that helped with the palm oil project. CAO helped the people of Zoungbomey learn how to save their money. The teachers, students, and all of the people who gave donations worked together to raise the money to help buy the machines. The men of the village made the building for the machines. The special secret partner made it possible for Zoungbomey to get three machines instead of just one.

This special day in Zoungbomey happened because all of us worked together to help realize one dream.







Lesson #3

Helping in little ways adds up. Sometime it's easy to think that what we are doing is so small that it doesn't matter. Some of the people who gave donations to the palm oil project felt this way. But this is never true. If lots of people do little things, all of these little things add up and help make big dreams come true.

It is so important to help in whatever way you can – everything makes a difference!



It had been a day that none of us will ever forget. As we were saying good-bye to our friends, one of the women in the village told us about their new dream. The village's new dream is to save enough money from selling palm oil so that in two years they will be able to buy electricity for the village.

Do you think this dream will come true?

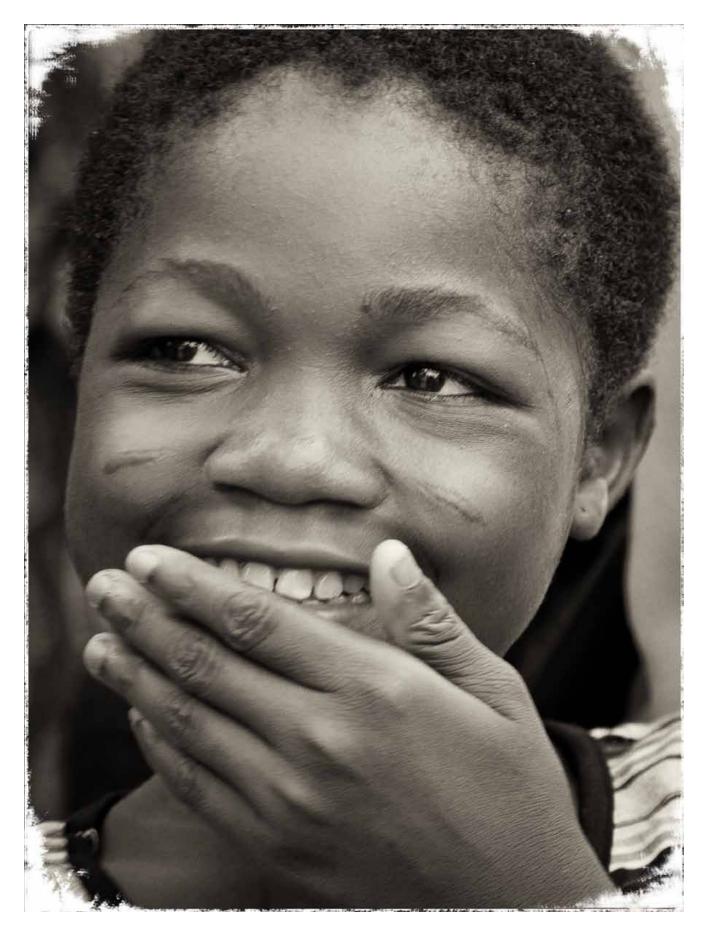
We do!



Chapter 8: What Will Your Dreams Be?

This has been a story about how dreams can come true. Now its time to think about *your* dreams.

- 1. Think about a dream you had that came true. Did you make it come true on your own or did you have a partner?
- 2. What kinds of dreams have made you happiest? Have your best dreams been just for you, or have they included other people?
- 3. Did you ever do anything to help someone's dream come true?
- 4. Did sharing dreams with friends and partners help the dream come true?
- 5. Although this is about the dream of the people in the village of Zoungbomey, there really are other dreams in the story, too. What dreams did the different partners in this story have?
- 6. When we were invited to share the dreams of the people in the village of Zoungbomey, how did we make sure they were happy to have us help?
- 7. In this story, partners are described as someone to dance with, someone who shares with others, someone to play with, and someone with whom to share a relationship. Do you think these are good descriptions of being a partner?
- 8. What is the most important dream you have right now? What things do you need to learn for this dream to come true?
- g. In this story, lots of people worked together to fulfill these dreams. The people in this story were artists, business people, engineers, nurses, social workers, and even a judge. Everyone used his or her talents to help realize a shared dream. What talents can you use tomorrow to help someone's dream come true?
- 10. What skills would you like to learn about that you could use to address the United Nations Millennium Development Goals and your dreams?



Afterword

This is the real life story of the events in Zoungbomey. The following is an excerpt from Dr. Norwood's journal after that day:

August 5, 2010

I am still not quite certain what I have been a part of and witnessed today. It is going to take me a while to sort it all out. It was like 1000 birthdays and Christmases all at once. It was one of the best days of my life. Amazement. Joy. Gratitude. A miracle. Perhaps even some Voudoun magic!

I am so glad I was able to say thank you to Father Nzamujo when I took a walk this evening:

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"How's my favorite girl friend today?"

"Fine, Father. I had a very good day."

"What did you do today?"

"We went to the village with the machines today."

"Ahh, yes."

"They were very happy. And very surprised."

"Ahh, yes."

"So were we. We were very surprised too."

"Okay." (Wink)

"Thank you very much!"
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I am not sure our students completely grasp what happened today. I am not sure I do either. During our discussions after dinner tonight, we reflected on how many of the UN Millennium Development Goals were addressed by this one small act.

An amazing day. But this story really began more than two years before. And it is, I think, an important story to tell...

You can learn about the Women's Cooperative Palm Oil Project, by visiting the WATER program website:
http://www.water-dr.org



You can learn more about the united Nation's Millenium Development Goals by visiting their website at: http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/



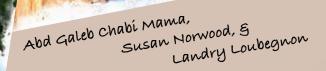
You can learn more about Centre Afrika Obota by visiting their website: http://www.afrikaobota.org.



You can learn more about the Songhai Centre by visiting their website at: http://www.songhai.org.



Growing up, we had lots of dreams and lots of heroes. Over time some of our dreams and some of our heroes have changed. We've been really lucky, we met and spent time with some of our heroes! We'd like to introduce them to you here:



Father Nzamujo Godfrey & Bradley Striebig



Marino de Souza





Bradley Striebig, Child & Roland Adoukonou



In memory of our dear friend and colleague, Mr. Elliot Wilson

Never doubt that a small group of thoughtful, committed citizens can change the world. Indeed, it is the only thing that ever has.

- Margaret Mead

Dr. Susan Norwood is a Professor of Nursing at Gonzaga university, where she has taught for the past 20 years. She currently teaches courses in health care policy, research, public health nursing, and environmental health. She is a member of her local Board of Health and active in a variety of nursing education professional organizations. She consults nationally on curriculum development and program evaluation and has published four nursing textbooks. At Gonzaga, she has been the recipient of two awards for excellence in teaching.

"I simply can't imagine a better job than teaching. To me, there is nothing more exciting than helping students to develop new insights and understandings, and new visions of the contributions they can make to our world. I have participated in WATER since its inception and am so grateful for what it has taught me about myself and about the responsibility we all have for promoting healthy conditions so that we can have healthy people and healthy communities. Benin has made me a better person and a better teacher. Introducing students to Benin is a way of helping students see that we are all in this together and little efforts on the part of many add up.

I am fortunate to have grown up in a loving family where I had everything I needed and a good bit of what I thought I wanted. I continue to enjoy the support and enthusiasm of my parents, siblings, nieces, and nephews for my participation in WATER. They think I am crazy when I head off to Benin each summer and when I talk about relocating to Africa when I retire – but they support me nonetheless!"



Dr. Bradley Striebig is a father of two boys and a husband. He thanks his wife, children and extended family for supporting his work in Africa. He's lucky to be friends with colleagues in Africa, particularly Father Nzamujo Godfrey. It was Nzamujo's vision and endurance in creating the Songhai Center that has inspired and served as a role model for Brad. Brad feels blessed to have had students interested in international development work whose determination provided the incentive to work with Engineers Without Borders.

Through his work with Engineers Without Borders, Brad has found new role models, like Bernard Amadei, Cathy Leslie, Kurt Paterson, and Peter Bosscher. Brad has learned how to be a better teacher and person with their help and assistance. With the help of his colleagues and students, Brad has worked on sustainable development projects in Benin, Kenya, Malta, Rwanda, and in the united States. Brad is particularly proud of his students' work in Benin, where he and his students have helped to develop a water filter manufacturing center, water quality laboratory, and health clinic. International development work has also reignited Brad's interest in photography, as a means of storytelling and helping people understand why the struggle to achieve the UN Millennium development Goals by 2015 is so vital. Brad is particularly interested in developing undergraduate engineering research projects that span the human-environment interface at James Madison university, where he is an associate professor of engineering.



Acknowledgements

The authors would like to thank all those that contributed time and effort to the on-going WATER foundation. The list of individuals to thank is too numerous to mention. We are indebted to the assistance of a few special people who helped review and prepare this book, especially, Abby Striebig, Terry Gieber, Emily Akerson, Adebayo Ogundipe, Dustin Brackbill, Barbara Price, Adib Amini, and Matt Wisnewski. The authors would like to acknowledge the role of faculty collaborators in the WATER program, particularly Mary Jeannot, Joanne Smieja, Mark Alfino, Raymond Reyes, Noel Bormann, Anwar Khattak, Dan Garrity, Jennifer Coffman, Lee Sternberger, and Joe Hinshaw. The authors would like to thank all of our students, who are travelers and special friends, for sharing our love for the people of Benin. The authors would like to recognize the support provided by the Gonzaga university Study Abroad Office and the Office of International Programs at James Madison university for their support. Thanks to the many individuals, not mentioned by name, who contributed to the WATER foundation. Special thanks to Cathy Leslie and Bernard Amadei of Engineers Without Borders for helping to make so many dreams come true.

Dr. Norwood wishes to acknowledge the support of her parents, siblings, and friends. Your help with the little things while I am in Benin make my participation possible.

Dr. Striebig is forever indebted to his parents, Ronald and Janet Striebig, for providing the foundation for the belief in this work. Thanks to my family and friends for teaching me that building relationships is the first step in building anything of value.

Susan and Brad are grateful for their friendship, mutual support, and shared loved of Africa that made this book possible.





